

## Quarterly Census of RI Employment and Wages Third Quarter Comparison 2002-2003



Rhode Island total employment averaged 473,756 in the third quarter of 2003, an increase of 6,010 (+1.3%) jobs when compared to the third quarter of 2002. Private sector employment increased by 4,987 positions, while the Government added 1,023 positions. Construction (+2,509) led the way in private sector gains, while Local Government (city/town) accounted for 1,221 jobs, offsetting losses at the federal (-16) and state (-182) level.

Overall, Health Care & Social Assistance (69,984) led the way in average employment for the third quarter 2003, accounting for 16.9 percent of private sector employment. All four sub-sectors reported an employment increase, led by Social Assistance (+528), Ambulatory Health Care Services (+518), Nursing and Residential Care Facilities (+421) and Hospitals (+331). Government (59,089) and Manufacturing (57,149) complete the top three sectors in average employment.

Construction added 2,509 (+12.4) jobs due to gains in Special Trade Contractors (+1,879), Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction (+442) and Construction of Buildings (+209). Health Care & Social Assistance (+1,798), Accommodation & Food Services (+1,321), Management of Companies & Enterprise (+1,213) and Education (+545) round out the top five sectors in employment gains reported over the year.

Manufacturing continues to report large employment declines, losing 3,672 (-6.0%), jobs between third quarter 2002 and third quarter 2003. Eighteen of the twenty-one manufacturing sub-sectors reported job losses. Miscellaneous Manufacturing (-1,074) continues to experience large employment declines as does Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing (-891).

Over \$4.1 billion in wages was paid during the third quarter of 2003, an increase of \$196 million (+5.0%) from the third quarter of 2002. Private sector wages increased by \$173 million (+5.2%), while Government wages increased by \$23 million (+ 3.6%). The average weekly private sector wage was \$648, an increase of \$25 (+4.0%) from the \$623 earned during the same period of last year.

Utility workers continue to earn the highest weekly wage, averaging \$1,329, while representing only 0.3 percent of total private employment within the State. Management of Companies & Enterprise, not only experienced a rise in employment but in wages as well, up \$21,452,189 (+24.5%) from third quarter 2002, averaging \$1,091 per week. The growth in the Construction sector led to the largest wage increase \$35,629,255 (+17.3%) between third quarter 2002 and third quarter 2003, followed by Health Care and Social Assistance (+\$28,913,197) and Finance & Insurance (+\$27,459,547).

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	No. of Units	July	August	September	Average Employment	Total Wages	Taxable Wages	Contributions
Total	34,620	468,511	470,821	481,936	473,756	4,167,807,446	653,603,560	21,294,427
Private	33,932	413,014	415,600	415,386	414,667	3,491,764,675	651,298,769	21,240,217
State	58	18,215	17,757	18,077	18,016	207,787,160	1,411	22
Local	440	27,084	27,309	38,332	30,908	310,978,122	2,303,380	54,188
Federal	190	10,198	10,155	10,141	10,165	157,277,489	. 0	. 0
Total Government	688	55,497	55,221	66,550	59,089	676,042,771	2,304,791	54,210
Total UI Covered	34,430	458,313	460,666	471,795	463,591	4,010,529,957	653,603,560	21,294,427

A Product of: Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training, Labor Market Information

Employment changes may be influenced by non-economic code changes resulting from NAICS revisions and/or changes in employers' reporting methods.

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